This map shows opioid* prescriptions filled per 100 persons in 2015. Rates ranged from 93.4** per 100 in Jefferson Co. to 185.7 per 100 in Poinsett Co. In most counties, the prescribing rate decreased in 2016 and 2017.

*Excludes buprenorphine

**Lowest rate of any non-border county. Rates in border counties may be affected by patients seeking care in other states.

Source: Arkansas Prescription Drug Monitoring Program. Note – totals may vary due to delays in reporting from pharmacies. Updated February 2018.
Between 2015 and 2016, opioid prescribing fell in 36 counties, stayed the same in 10 counties and increased in 29 counties. The largest decrease was 10% and the largest increase was 5%.

*Excludes buprenorphine

Source: Arkansas Prescription Drug Monitoring Program. Note – totals may vary due to delays in reporting from pharmacies. Updated February 2018.
Between 2016 and 2017, opioid prescribing fell in 65 counties, stayed the same in 1 county and increased in 9 counties. The largest decrease was 15% and the largest increase was 6%.

*Excludes buprenorphine

Source: Arkansas Prescription Drug Monitoring Program. Note – totals may vary due to delays in reporting from pharmacies. Updated February 2018.
This map shows stimulant prescriptions filled per 100 persons in 2015. Rates ranged from 8.9 per 100 in Stone Co.* to 35.3 per 100 in Drew Co. In most counties, the prescribing rate increased in 2016 and 2017.

*Lowest rate of any non-border county. Rates in border counties may be affected by patients seeking care in other states.

Source: Arkansas Prescription Drug Monitoring Program. Note – totals may vary due to delays in reporting from pharmacies. Updated February 2018.
Between 2015 and 2016, stimulant prescribing fell in 18 counties, stayed the same in 4 counties and increased in 53 counties. The largest decrease was 9% and the largest increase was 17%.

Source: Arkansas Prescription Drug Monitoring Program. Note – totals may vary due to delays in reporting from pharmacies. Updated February 2018.
Between 2016 and 2017, stimulant prescribing fell in 29 counties, stayed the same in 5 counties and increased in 41 counties. The largest decrease was 13% and the largest increase was 23%.

Source: Arkansas Prescription Drug Monitoring Program. Note – totals may vary due to delays in reporting from pharmacies. Updated February 2018.
This map shows benzodiazepine prescriptions filled per 100 persons in 2015. Rates ranged from 39.0 per 100 in Dallas Co.* to 121.1 per 100 in Poinsett Co. In many counties, benzodiazepine prescribing increased in 2016 and then fell in 2017.

*Lowest rate of any non-border county. Rates in border counties may be affected by patients seeking care in other states.

Source: Arkansas Prescription Drug Monitoring Program. Note – totals may vary due to delays in reporting from pharmacies. Updated February 2018.
Between 2015 and 2016, benzodiazepine prescriptions fell in 25 counties, stayed the same in 8 counties and increased in 42 counties. The largest decrease was 7% and the largest increase was 11%.

Source: Arkansas Prescription Drug Monitoring Program. Note – totals may vary due to delays in reporting from pharmacies. Updated February 2018.
Between 2016 and 2017, Benzodiazepine prescriptions fell in 60 counties, stayed the same in 2 counties and increased in 13 counties. The largest decrease was 18% and the largest increase was 8%.

Source: Arkansas Prescription Drug Monitoring Program. Note – totals may vary due to delays in reporting from pharmacies. Updated February 2018.
Summary

• Between 2015 and 2017, opioid and benzodiazepine prescribing rates decreased in most counties, while stimulant prescribing rates increased.

• Prescribing rates of all three drugs varied widely between counties.

• Poinsett County had the highest opioid prescribing rate and the highest benzodiazepine prescribing rate.