

MOSQUITO HABITAT CHECKLIST

WATER +7 DAYS = MOSQUITOES



CONAR	MON HOUSEHOLD ITEMS	
COIVII		Problem: Buckets are the most common mosquito habitats found at homes.
Ш	Buckets	Solution: Empty buckets and turn them over.
_	Garbage cans and	Problem: Garbage cans, recycling bins, and recycled containers can hold water.
Ш	recycling bins	Solution: Drill drainage holes in the bottoms of garbage cans and bins, keep covered and
_		dispose of recycling weekly. Problem: When tarps are not fitted tightly, multiple pockets form and collect water.
Ш	Tarps, plastic bags and sheets	Solution: Keep tarps tight and refit them if water collects.
BUILD	ING STRUCTURES	
		Problem: Gutters hold water when clogged with leaves or improperly pitched. Plus, the leaf
	Gutters	debris provides food for the larvae
		Solution: Keep gutters clean and properly pitched.
	Flexible downspout	Problem: Improper pitch and ridges cause these pipes to hold water.
	extensions	Solution: Pitch downspout extensions so water drains completely after it rains or replace
_		with a non-flexible extension that is pitched to drain fully. Keep the inside free of debris.
	Leaky hose spigots	Problem: Water can accumulate below the faucet. Solution: Fix leak or call a professional plumber.
	Decks & Porches	Make sure to check under decks and porches for containers that may hold water.
ADOU	IND THE GARDEN	Make sure to check under decks and porches for containers that may hold water.
AROU	D THE GARDEN	Problem: If a plant saucer holds water for 5-7 days it will support mosquito larvae.
Ш	Planter saucers	Solution: Dump the water out every 3-5 days or don't use a saucer at all.
	Planters without	Problem: Planters fill with water after heavy rains.
Ш	drainage holes	Solution: Drill holes in the bottom of your planter – it's healthier for your plants.
	Self-watering planters	Problem: The hole used to water the plant is also used by the female mosquito to access the
		water and lay eggs.
		Solution: Tightly seal the watering hole after adding water. If this is not possible, treat the
		reservoir water with a larvicide such as <i>Bacillus thuringiensis israelensis</i> (Bti). The most
		effective method for preventing mosquitoes is to not use these planters.
П	Wheelbarrows	Problem: Water collects in the main tub or small crevices inherent in their construction. Solution: Turn wheelbarrows over or store them on end. If crevices present, check weekly
ш	Wileciballows	and move to empty any water you find.
	Watering Cans	Problem: Watering cans holding water for many days will attract egg laying mosquitoes.
Ш		Solution: Empty and store upside down or in a garage or shed.
	Rain Barrels	Problem: Rain barrels, conserve water but can also be a perfect home for mosquito larvae.
		Solution: Cover tops of rain barrels with tightly fitted screen. (Use nylon window screen and
ш		secure with a bungee cord or other tight elastic.) Mosquitoes will use the overflow hole to
	Bird Baths	get in and lay their eggs; either plug hole or treat with a Bti product.
		Problem: Unless water is changed regularly, mosquito larvae flourish. Solution: Change water at least once a week.
_		Problem: Ornamental ponds without fish provide a great home for mosquitoes.
Ш	Ornamental ponds	Solution: Get fish. If that is not an option, you can use Bti to treat for mosquito larvae.
	Behind the shed & under the shrubs	Problem: Discarded and unattended items in hard to reach spaces can collect water.
		Solution: Look under bushes and in overlooked spots in the yard and remove debris that can
_		hold water.
	Tree Holes	Problem: Cavities in trees can collect and hold water.
Ш		Solution: Use a waterproof foam to fill the void, or you can treat with a Bti product.

CHILDRE	N'S TOYS	
	Portable basketball hoops	Problem: The fill holes in the base of a portable basketball hoop allow mosquitoes to reach the water and lay eggs. Solution: Make sure caps for fill holes are in place; replace if lost.
	Kiddie pools	Problem: Kiddie pools can become mosquito habitat if the water is not changed often. Solution: Empty or change water in kiddie pools every 5 - 7 days. Be sure to store indoors or turned over when not in use.
	Sand boxes	Problem: Water accumulates in some plastic sand boxes whether covered or not. Solution: Drill small drainage holes in the bottom of your sand box.
	Big plastic toys, wagons, etc.	Problem: Wagons, dump trucks, cars, kitchen sets, and playhouses all fill with rain water when left outside and, if left unchecked, will breed mosquitoes. Solution: Keep toys turned over or inside when not in use. If water can get inside the plastic toy so can a mosquito - drill drainage holes in the bottom.
	Deflated toys	Problem: Like a tarp, a deflated toy (kiddie pool, bounce house, etc.) will create multiple small pockets that fill with water and provide habitat for larvae. Solution: Drain off water, dry out, and store indoors when not in use.
RECREAT	TION	
	Boats	Problem: There are many compartments on boats that can collect water. Even when a boat itself doesn't hold water there can be containers left on a boat that do. Solution: Empty all the water possible. If there is water that can't be emptied, you can treat it with a Bti product. Cover boats in storage with taut tarps or use boat shrink wrap.
	Jet skis	Problem: The foot depressions tend to hold water and provide a mosquito breeding ground. Solution: Rinse out the foot depressions with a hose every week. Jet skis can be tightly tarped or stored indoors.
	Pools/pool covers	Problem: Pool covers and pool skimmer compartments filled with water breed mosquitoes. Solution: Treat the pool or pool cover with Bti in the spring before you open it. If you know of an abandoned home in your neighborhood with an unkempt pool, call the Monmouth County Mosquito Control Division. It may need to be treated or stocked with fish that eat mosquito larvae.

adh.zoonotic@arkansas.gov

501-280-4136

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Website - http://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/programsServices/infectiousDisease/zoonoticDisease